1	2	3	4	5
13.	Kerala	2865066	2524232	-11.90
14.	Madhya Pradesh	9328672	11812968	26.63
15.	Maharashtra	11456469	11648450	1.68
16.	Manipur	232179	369758	59.26
17.	Meghalaya	291980	563708	93.06
18.	Mizoram	117081	150977	28.95
19.	Nagaland	161364	224715	39.26
20.	Orissa	4146193	4485315	8.18
21.	Punjab	2078524	1922553	-7.50
22.	Rajasthan	5928559	9326565	57.32
23.	Sikkim	82561	84999	2.95
24.	Tamil Nadu	8195672	6145971	-25.01
25.	Tripura	431884	493169	14.19
26.	Uttar Pradesh	13395321	25811922	92.69
27.	Uttarakhand*	0	1202153	-
28.	West Bengal	9708543	8862119	-8.72
29.	Andaman and Nicobar Islands	43035	38174	-11.30
30.	Chandigarh	60248	51402	-14.68
31.	Dadra and Nagar Haveli	22010	38058	72.92
32.	Daman and Diu	13903	16403	17.98
33.	Delhi	1375343	1651019	20.04
34.	Lakshadweep	8658	7244	-16.33
35.	Puducherry	102347	110866	8.32
	Total	107095049	133525730	24.68

*Did not exist in the year 1995-96

Source: Selected educational statistics Published by Ministry of HRD

Education scenario in Jharkhand

1889. SHRI PARIMAL NATHWANI: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Jharkhand lags behind other States in terms of number of schools, technical, medical and architectural colleges;

(b) whether the Central Government has provided any special assistance to Jharkhand for improving this situation;

(c) if so, how much; and

(d) what is the outcome thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT (SHRIMATI D. PURANDESWARI): (a) to (d) Jharkhand has many districts declared as educationally backward.

School Education

Under Sarva Shiksha Abhian Programme (SSA), funds are released to States and UTs in accordance with the approved financial sharing pattern between the Centre and States, as per Annual Work Plan and Budgets (AWP&B), approved by SSA's Project Approval Board (PAB) every year. Till 2008-09, Jharkhand has been sanctioned 17842 Primary Schools Buildings, 8175 Upper Primary Schools Buildings, 31150 additional classrooms and 93166 teachers. Out of 24 Districts in Jharkhand, 22 Districts have been covered under Jawahar Navodaya Vidyalayas.

Higher Education

Colleges located in these areas receive special assistance from the University Grants Commission (UGC). In addition, there is a UGC scheme of special assistance for the colleges located in tribal/rural/border/ hilly areas and the colleges of Jharkhand are also covered under this scheme. With a view to increase access to quality higher education in the State of Jharkhand, the Central Government has established 'Central University of Jharkhand' under the Central Universities Act, 2009. The estimated financial requirement of the University during the Eleventh plan period has been projected at Rs. 240 crore.

Technical Education

One Indian Institute of Management (IIM) is proposed to be set up at Ranchi (Jharkhand) and 17 polytechnics will be set up in unserved and underserved area of Jharkhand.

Central University in Rajasthan

†1890. SHRI OM PRAKASH MATHUR: Will the Minister of HUMAN RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether the announcement for a World-Class University at Ajmer and a Central University at Bikaner in Rajasthan was made long time back;

(b) if so, the present status of these proposals; and

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.